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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**UBE NYLON TERPALEX 6434MT1** 1.1 Product identifier

> Polyamide 6/66/12 CAS No.: 40959-29-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance

or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant Identified uses: Extrusion, Injection etc.

Uses advised against: MEDICAL APPLICATIONS such as any

implantation in the human body or any contact with internal body fluids/tissues are PROHIBITED, since compliance with medical

regulations is not assured.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**UBE** Corporation

Performance Polymers & Chemicals Division, Nylon Polymer Business Department / Composite Business Department Seavans North Building, 1-2-1 Shibaura Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-8449, Japan (Nylon Polymer Business Department) / Urbannet Nagoya Buliding, 1-1-10, Higashisakura, Higashi-ku,

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1.4 Emergency telephone number

**UBE** Corporation

Telephone: +81-3-5419-6173 / +81-52-961-1373

(within business hours)

#### Section 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

This product is not classified as hazardous under GHS.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms None Signal word None Hazard statements None

Precautionary statements

Prevention None response None storage None disposal None

Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

Not applicable

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#### 2.3 Other hazards

None known

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Mixture

Ingredient name	Conc. (%)	EC No.	CAS No.	Classification according to GHS*1)
Polyamide 6/66/12	> 94	- (Polymer)	40959-29-3	not classified
ε-Caprolactam	< 5	203-313-2	105-60-2	Acute Tox. (Oral) 4, H302 Acute Tox. (Inhalation) 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT-SE 3, H335
Others	< 1	-	-	not classified

<sup>\*1)</sup> See Section 16 for full text of hazard class and category codes.

#### Section 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Take off all contaminated clothing

> immediately. Obtain immediate medical attention in case of severe exposure, even if the exposed person has no symptom. Show this

safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If exposed to vapors from heating and molding material, remove to Inhalation

fresh air. If symptoms, coughing and discomfort in nose and throat

remain, get medical attention.

Skin contact Wash material off skin with plenty of water and soap.

If redness, itching or burning sensation develops, get medical

attention.

If molten polymer contacts skin, cool immediately with cold and clean

water.

Do not attempt to peel the solidified polymer from skin, and get

medical attention for thermal burn.

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes.

If redness, itching or burning sensation develops, do not rub eyes and

immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed, wash out mouth thoroughly and give water to drink. Ingestion

Seek immediate medical attention. Speed is essential. Do not induce

vomiting, unless instructed by medical personnel.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed At molten state, expected to cause burns to skin. Irreversible dermatitis will occur if you do not wash affected skin immediately and

thoroughly.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not available.

#### **Section 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, dry chemical and carbon dioxide

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Unsuitable extinguishing media

None

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May produce harmful gasses, primary CO, CO2 and small amount of HCN and NH3.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Remove containers from fire and cool them with water spray. Firefighters should wear an approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For large-scale spills, ensure full personal protection is worn (see Section 8). Stop leak if possible without personal risk.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from contaminating soil and/or from entering, sewage, drainage systems and/or bodies of water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up to prevent slipping on polymer pellets and collects into suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For recommended personal protective equipment, see Section 8. For disposal considerations, see Section 13.

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

At molding process, avoid inhalation of vapours from machine and contacting with molten polymer. Reinforcing material and polymer

dust may cause irritation and redness of skin and eye. After handling, wash with soap and plenty of clean water.

Not to eat, drink and smoke in work areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

In case of pellet, transfer of polymer pellets will produce static electricity. This should be reduced or eliminated as much as possible since they provide a source of ignition for flammable vapour or gasses that may be present in an industrial area or can shock operators.

7.3 Specific end use(s) No additional information available.

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

JP limit values Not available

US limit values (ACGIH) Not available Other: human health

(DNELs)

Not available

Other: environmental (PNEC)

Not available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

Adequate ventilation should be maintained at handing.

Additionally, local exhaust ventilation recommended at molding



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process.

Personal protection equipment

<u>Eye/face protection</u>: Safety goggles should be worn. At treating hot polymer or molding, face shield should be recommended.

Skin protection: Safety shoes or boots. Chemical resistant clothes

Hand protection: Unnecessary under normal processing.

Other: Unnecessary under normal processing.

Respiratory protection: Unnecessary under normal processing. Thermal hazards: At treating hot polymer or molding process, heat-

resistant leather gloves should be required.

Environmental exposure

controls

Refer to Section 6.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Mixed pellets
Odour Slight odour
Odour threshold Not applicable.
pH Not applicable

Melting point / freezing

point

Not determined for mixture. 183 - 192 °C (PA 6/66/12)

... ... . (.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Not tested

Flash point Not tested

Evaporation rate Not applicable for solid

Flammability (solid, gas) As a mixture: non-flammable;

In conformity with United Nations Recommendations 4.1 Burning

rate test.

Upper/lower flammability.

or explosive limits

Not applicable for solid

Vapour pressure

Vapour density

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not applicable for solid

Not determined for mixture.

Water solubility: Negligible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined for mixture.

In conformity with United Nations Recommendations 4.2

Spontaneous combustion test.

Decomposition temperature

Not tested

Viscosity Not applicable for solid

Explosive properties Not explosive Oxidising properties Not oxidising

**9.2 Other information** No additional information available

#### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** No additional information available.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

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10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No additional information available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition and high

temperature.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Primary CO, CO2 and small amount of HCN, NH3

# **Section 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture

Acute toxicity

Not classified (Lack of data)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified (Lack of data)

Not classified (Lack of data)

damage/irritation

Respiratory or skin

Not classified (Lack of data)

sensitisation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure

Not classified (Lack of data)

Not classified (Lack of data)

Not classified (Lack of data)

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified (Lack of data)

Aspiration hazard

Not classified (Lack of data)

Components

ε-Caprolactam

Acute toxicity  $LD_{50} = 1475 \text{mg/kg (Oral, rats)}$ 

LC<sub>50</sub> = 8.16 mg/L, 4hours (Inhalation, rat)

LD<sub>50</sub> > 2000mg/kg (Dermal, rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation Mild irritating

Mild signs of irritation were observed in a skin sensitization test in which 0.4ml of a 75% CAP-solution to guinea pigs (Springborn,

1991).

Serious eye damage/irritation

Moderate irritating - Eyes of rabbits

Eyelid closure and eye discharge was observed for irritation by

inhalation.

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Respiratory tract: Not sensitizing in Alarie assay.

Skin: Not sensitizing in guinea pig maximization test and Buehler

test.

Germ cell mutagenicity In vivo;

Mammalian chromosome aberration test: Negative (OECD 473)

Gene mutation test: Ambiguous

Chromosome aberration assay: Negative (OECD 475)

DNA damage and/or repair): Negative

Carcinogenicity ACGIH: A5 (Not suspected as a human carcinogen)

IARC Monographs: Group 4 (Probably not carcinogenic to humans)

Reproductive toxicity Caprolactam was not teratogenic or embryotoxic in rats and rabbits

when given orally at high doses. (NOAELtera 250 mg/kg bw/day).

STOT-single exposure Following clinical signs of toxicity were observed for irritation:

Irregular respiration, dyspnoea.



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STOT-repeated exposure

Only local respiratory irritation was observed on inhalation route of

exposure. No systemic effects were observed.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

# **Section 12: Ecological information**

**12.1 Toxicity** Mixture: No information available

Components: <u>ε-Caprolactam:</u>

Fish(*Oryzias latipes*): LC<sub>50</sub> >100 mg/L, 96hours Water flea(*Daphnia magn*) EC<sub>50</sub> > 1000mg/L, 48hours

Algae:  $EC_{50} > 1000$ mg/L, 72hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Mixture: No information available.

Components:

ε-Caprolactam:

82% after 14 days (O2 consumption, ECD Guideline 301 C)

Degradation rate in water: 4.7\*10<sup>-2</sup> [d<sup>-1</sup>] Degradation rate in air: 0.795 [d<sup>-1</sup>]

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Mixture: No information available.

Components: ε-Caprolactam:

Due to the low log Pow(<3), accumulation in organisms is not

expected.

**12.4 Mobility in soil** Mixture: No information available.

Components: ε-Caprolactam:

Due to the logKoc(1.76 at 20 °C), adsorption of the substance to

the solid soil phase (e. g. clay) is not expected.

**12.5 Other adverse effects** No information available.

# **Section 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal must be in accordance with current national and local regulations, which may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. Packaging may contain residues of the product and should be treated accordingly. Do not dump this material into sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water.

#### **Section 14: Transport information**

**14.1 UN Number** The mixture is not classified.

14.2 UN proper shipping

The mixture is not classified.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

The mixture is not classified.

**14.4 Packing group** The mixture is not classified.

**14.5 Environmental hazards** Not classified as environmentally hazardous

14.6 Special precautions for

No dangerous good in sense of transport regulations.

user



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14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

#### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Please refer to any other regulations of each country.

#### **Section 16: Other information**

Indication of changes Revisions: 07. April. 2022

Section 1.

Abbreviations and acronyms

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

STOT: Specific target organ toxicity LD50: Median(50%) lethal dose

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

EC50: Median Effect Concentration

IC50: Half maximal (50%) inhibitory concentration

LC50: Median(50%) lethal concentration NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

Full text of hazard class and category codes

Acute toxicity - Oral, Hazard category 4, H302: Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity - Inhalation, Hazard category 4, H332: Harmful if

inhaled.

Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard category 2, H315: Causes skin

irritation.

Eye damage/irritation, Hazard category 2, H319: Causes serious eye

irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, Hazard category 3,

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Read this Safety Data Sheet before handling the substance. Training advice

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